

Date: Wed, 22 Jun 94 04:30:11 PDT  
From: Info-Hams Mailing List and Newsgroup <info-hams@ucsd.edu>  
Errors-To: Info-Hams-Errors@UCSD.Edu  
Reply-To: Info-Hams@UCSD.Edu  
Precedence: Bulk  
Subject: Info-Hams Digest V94 #691  
To: Info-Hams

Info-Hams Digest                      Wed, 22 Jun 94                      Volume 94 : Issue 691

Today's Topics:

    "Renewal" reusable alkaline batteries  
        Lead Acid Storage Batteries  
        Railroad track as an antenna?

Send Replies or notes for publication to: <Info-Hams@UCSD.Edu>  
Send subscription requests to: <Info-Hams-REQUEST@UCSD.Edu>  
Problems you can't solve otherwise to brian@ucsd.edu.

Archives of past issues of the Info-Hams Digest are available  
(by FTP only) from UCSD.Edu in directory "mailarchives/info-hams".

We trust that readers are intelligent enough to realize that all text  
herein consists of personal comments and does not represent the official  
policies or positions of any party. Your mileage may vary. So there.  
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Date: 21 Jun 94 17:12:33 EDT  
From: ihnp4.ucsd.edu!swrinde!emory!dragon!hayes!bcoleman@network.ucsd.edu  
Subject: "Renewal" reusable alkaline batteries  
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

In article <2tppe\$rvn@search01.news.aol.com>, dgoodman@aol.com (DGoodman) writes:  
>

> getting very good life out of the cells. What I like best about them  
> is that they don't have nicad-like memories to worry about.

Modern nicads don't have "memory." You can't induce a memory without hundreds  
of equal-length cycles, anyway.

Nicad memory is largely a thing of myth. I've seen more nicad abuse in  
persuit of avoiding "memory" than anything.

> If I'm  
> unsure about how much charge is left in a set before heading out, I  
> simply pop in a fully charged set (they don't drain unused, like  
> nicads), put the questionable ones in the charger, and exit.

Nicads have a pretty long self-discharge rate. Lead acid cells, on the other hand.... And I don't see why you couldn't pop a set of fully charged nicads in like you do the renewals.

> In any case, I'm very pleased with the system, especially being free  
> of nicad auto discharging and memory worries.

Your worries are largely unfounded.

For what it is worth, two of my friends have Newton 110s and use Renewal batteries in them. Ordinary Nicads won't do, because the terminal voltage isn't enough. The Newton battery back (with 5 nicad cells) is expensive, as is the charger.

They seem to get reasonable life out of the Renewals.

--

Bill Coleman, AA4LR                               ! Internet: bcoleman@hayes.com  
Principal Software Engineer                   ! AppleLink: D1958  
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POB 105203 Atlanta, GA 30348 USA   !  
Disclaimer: "My employer doesn't pay me to have opinions."  
Quote: "The same light shines on vineyards that makes deserts." -Steve Hackett.

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Date: Wed, 22 Jun 1994 06:09:35 GMT  
From: ihnp4.ucsd.edu!swrinde!emory!rsiatl!ke4zv!gary@network.ucsd.edu  
Subject: Lead Acid Storage Batteries  
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

In article <Pine.3.88.9406212222.A8410-0100000@julian.uwo.ca> "l.h. bol"  
<lbol@julian.uwo.ca> writes:  
>I have aquired some sealed lead acid cells (plastic pack containing 6  
>cells rated for 5AH) and am trying to figure out the proper charge  
>current for them. I don't want to over-charge them (or under charge)  
>  
>From what I can recall, the charge rate (I) is relative to the AH rating  
>of the cell(s) ??? Do you charge them with a voltage higher than the  
>voltage of the cell(s) ? I seem to have to do this to get them to draw  
>any current when I try to charge them.  
>  
>Can anyone steer me to the proper procedures or charger design theory.  
>  
>Yes, I suppose I could buy a cheap automotive type charger but I've got  
>all kinds of transformers and diodes etc. kicking around and would like  
>to try and use them up.

Lead acid batteries are normally charged with a constant voltage charger. For a nominal 12 volt battery, charger voltage should be 14.5 volts during charge, and 13.8 volts during sustain. Auto chargers use a saturable core transformer to limit initial charging current, cheap and effective. You'll have to install a current limiter when using ordinary transformers. Current should be limited to 0.1 C for gell cells, 0.33 C for wet cells, where C is the amp-hour rating. An auto tail light bulb will do as a current limiter for your gell cell. Just put it in series between the 14.5 volt source and the battery. It's resistance is non-linear depending on current draw, so it'll allow near full voltage at low current, and drop the voltage as current draw increases, forming a self-regulating system. Crude, but effective.

Gary

--

Gary Coffman KE4ZV		You make it,		gatech!wa4mei!ke4zv!gary
Destructive Testing Systems		we break it.		uunet!rsiatl!ke4zv!gary
534 Shannon Way		Guaranteed!		emory!kd4nc!ke4zv!gary
Lawrenceville, GA 30244				

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Date: Wed, 22 Jun 1994 06:51:31 GMT  
From: ihnp4.ucsd.edu!sdd.hp.com!apollo.hp.com!hpwin055.uksr!hpmoea!  
dstock@network.ucsd.edu  
Subject: Railroad track as an antenna?  
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

Lou Williams (nsyslaw@straylight.acs.ncsu.edu) wrote:

: When I first saw this subject, my first thought was H0 scale model  
: railroad track.

: Now I'm wondering what the impedance of Nickel Silver, H0 gauge track  
: is... Looks awfully close to ladder line. (about 1.25 inch seperation  
: between conductors, now what about that nickel-silver stuff...?)

: Methinks I see a new J-Pole experiment in the future...

OK, well, someone'll accuse me of having an over fertile imagination, but can't you just see a beam made of folded dipoles where the folds just happen to be remotely controlled, movable. A controlled 12v feed to the elements and a RF bypass capacitor across the locoXXXXshorting bars.

Turntables as RF switches !     or rotators.

Pity nickel alloys tend to be a bit resistive....

Cheers

David   GM4ZNX

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Date: Wed, 22 Jun 1994 08:25:39 GMT  
From: ihnp4.ucsd.edu!swrinde!howland.reston.ans.net!torn!nott!cunews!  
freenet.carleton.ca!FreeNet.Carleton.CA!as041@network.ucsd.edu  
To: info-hams@ucsd.edu

References <CrK1Fn.658@wang.com>, <2tsvr5\$mjm@chnews.intel.com>,  
<Crr4E0.JMJ@wang.com>eeNet.Ca  
Reply-To : as041@FreeNet.Carleton.CA (Robin Ludlow)  
Subject : Re: "73's"

In a previous article, jeffrey@kahuna.tmc.edu (Jeffrey Herman) says:

>Cec: I've got the 1950 edition - don't you just love those ads in the  
>back? Over 100 pages of boatanchor goodies: Hallicrafters, Allied,  
>National, Vibroplex, Johnson, Collins ...  
>

Jeffrey....while this has thankfully strayed somewhat from the original  
thread on 73(s), I must say I have a much-valued 1943 Handbook (eight  
years prior to my birth) and I find the ads fascinating..they are works of  
art in themselves...National condensers and radios, a Hallicrafters  
receiver WITH A SCOPE!, McElroy tape pullers, huge Eimac tubes, Millen  
components, Sprague condensers, United transformers, Mallory components,  
the Hammarlund HQ-120-X and Super-Pro were hot receivers then, Shure, Astatic  
and Electrovoice mikes, Burgess batteries, B&W, RME, Centralabs, Ohmite,  
Raytheon..it goes on...

To me, it is a real slice of amateur radio history and I would not part with  
it for anything!

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Robin Ludlow, VE3YE  
Orleans, Ontario, Canada  
as041@freenet.carleton.ca

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End of Info-Hams Digest V94 #691

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